Name:	Period:
-------	---------

Run-on Sentences



A run-on (or fused) sentence occurs when **no punctuation at all** separates independent sentences.

Example: The snow needs to be shoveled get going on it right away.



Comma splices occur when two independent clauses (sentences) are joined with a comma that is not followed by a coordinating conjunction (and, but, or, nor, for, so, yet). A **comma splice** occurs when **only a comma separates** two independent sentences.

Example: The snow needs to be shoveled, get going on it right away.

So, how do we revise them?

Run-on sentences and comma splices can be revised in a number of ways.

You can add a coordinating conjunction to the comma splice, or you can change the punctuation mark entirely.

- 1. The snow needs to be shoveled, so get going on it right away.
- 2. The snow needs to be shoveled; get going on it right away.
- 3. The snow needs to be shoveled. Get going on it right away.
- 4. Since the snow needs to be shoveled, get going on it right away.

Transition words

Some transition words—however, therefore, nevertheless, consequently, & then—can't be used to connect the two sentences.

For example...

NO: The U.S. Postal Service is usually reliable, however, sometimes a letter may not be delivered for several years.

YES: The U.S. Postal Service is usually reliable; however, sometimes a letter may not be delivered for several years.